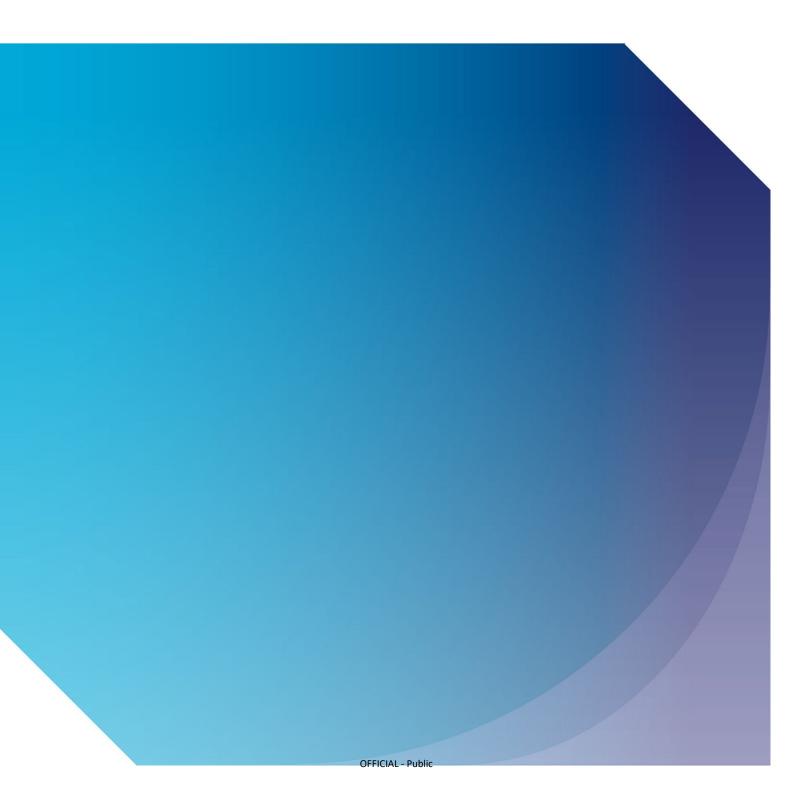


Part-SFCL Conversion Report

CAP 3122



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Foreword

Conversion Reports

This report fulfils the obligation placed on the CAA by Articles 3(b)(3) and 3c(2) and (3) of the UK Sailplane Regulation ((EU) No 2018/1976) to produce a conversion and crediting report concerning arrangements to convert national pilot licences and privileges to a Part-SFCL Sailplane pilot licence (SPL) and associated ratings, privileges and certificates.

History

In 2012 the UK established a conversion route through which holders of BGA and UK national licence privileges could obtain a Part-FCL SPL and associated ratings, privileges and certificates as described in the UK CAA Licensing Conversion and Credit Report.

On the 8th April 2020, Commission Implementation Regulation (EU) 2020/358 (the 'regulation') amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1976 as regards sailplane licensing introduced a number of changes to the United Kingdom CAA Licensing Conversion and Credit Report.

With the UK departure from the EU and EASA, the Sailplane Regulation (UK Reg (EU) No.2018/1976 was retained and assimilated into UK legislation.

The CAA consulted on the implementation of the Sailplane Regulation and some identified changes to the assimilated regulations in CAP 2974F.

The CAA published CAP 3032F Comments Response Document setting out the responses to the consultation and the proposed way forward. The changes have been drafted and are now with the Department for Transport. Acceptable Means of Compliance and Guidance was further consulted on in CAP 3093 and have been submitted. The project continues to work towards a Q3 2025 implementation timescale ahead of 30th September 2025.

Glossary and abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning	
ANO	Air Navigation Order 2016 (unless otherwise stated)	
AMC	Acceptable Means of Compliance	
BGA	British Gliding Association	
BI(S)	Basic Instructor (Sailplanes)	
Basic Regulation	UK Regulation (EU) No. 2018/1139	
САА	The United Kingdom Civil Aviation Authority	
FE	Flight Examiner	
FI(S)	Flight Instructor Sailplanes	
FRTOL	Flight Radiotelephony Operators Licence	
GM	Guidance Material	
NPPL	National Private Pilot Licence (Aeroplanes)	
Part-ARA	Annex VI of Regulation (EU) No. 1178/2011	
Part-FCL	Annex I of UK Regulation (EU) No. 1178/2011	
Part-MED	Annex IV of UK Regulation (EU) No. 1178/2011	
Part-SAO	Annex II of UK Regulation (EU) No. 2018/1976	
Part-SFCL	Annex III of UK Regulation (EU) No.2018/1976	
SSEA	Simple Single Engine Aeroplanes	
SLMG	Self-Launching Motor Glider	
SPL	Sailplane Pilot Licence	
TMG	Touring Motor Glider	

Revision history

Version	Date	Amendments
0.1	16 April 2020	Incorporating the agreed conversion and credit report into CAP format.
0.2	21 May 2020	Incorporating all CAA and BGA comments
0.3	19 November 2020	Incorporating additional comments
0.4	17 July 2025	Incorporating changes to Part-SFCL.

Conversion of UK glider pilots to Part-SFCL

- 1.1 These conversion terms apply to glider pilots who have gained the relevant British Gliding Association's qualifications or issued a pilot's licence with a Self-launching Motor Glider Class Rating (as defined in the UK ANO).
- 1.2 Conversion of the BGA Certificate and/or pilot's licence to a Part-SFCL SPL and associated ratings, privileges and certificates as follows:
 - 1) Sailplane Pilot Licence
 - a. Recency
 - b. TMG Extension
 - c. Night Rating
 - 2) Instructors
 - a. Basic Instructor (BI(S))
 - b. Flight Instructor (FI(S))
 - c. TMG extension
 - d. BI/FI(S) Instructor
 - 3) Examiners
 - a. Flight Examiner (FE(S))
 - b. TMG extension
 - c. BI/FI(S) Examiner

BGA Certificate Requirements

- 2.1 The BGA Certificate requirements for pilots to fly gliders are set out in the BGA publication Laws and Rules. BGA Student Pilot Manual, BGA Gliding Syllabus and associated supporting documents.
- 2.2 The BGA requirements for qualifications to fly unpowered sailplanes and the Part-SFCL requirements for the SPL and associated ratings, privileges and certificates have been compared and have been found to be substantially equivalent. This includes the BGA Basic Instructor Rating which is found to be substantially equivalent to the SFCL BI(S) certificate. Any differences identified have been set out in each section.
- 2.3 The requirements to obtain the equivalent Part-FCL qualifications by holders of CAA issued pilot licences with ratings for SLMGs and CAA issued SLMG Flight Instructor, Flight Examiner and Flight Instructor Examiner privileges are set out in the appropriate Conversion Report.
- 2.5 While there is no requirement in Part-SFCL for the holder of a SPL to have met the English Language Proficiency requirements, it is a requirement that the holder of Flight Radiotelephony Operators Licence to comply with the standards and recommended practices in ICAO Annex 1 for English Language Proficiency for Flight Crew at Level 4, 5, or 6 for the radiotelephony privileges to be usable.

Whilst the pilot licence can be obtained without holding a FRTOL, the pilot is not authorised to use a radio and associated avionic equipment installed into an aircraft (except as permitted when under the supervision of a Flight Instructor or where the pilot does not communicate by radiotelephony with any air traffic control unit, flight information unit or air/ground communications service unit).

2.6 Any medical restrictions applying in an individual case will appear only on the Part MED medical certificate and not on the pilot's licence.

Conversion report for SPL and associated ratings and privileges:

- 3.1. Applicant for an SPL or BI(S) must be at least 16 years of age. An applicant for a FI(S) or FE(S) must be at least 18 years of age.
- 3.2. Hold a BGA Bronze Endorsement with either BGA Cross Country endorsement or if Bronze Endorsement was achieved prior to the cross-country endorsement being established by the BGA in April 1996, an Fédération Aéronautique Internationale (FAI) Silver (Badge) Distance issued by the BGA or other National authority.
- 3.3. Hold either a Class 1, 2 or LAPL medical certificate issued in accordance with Part MED or have made a Pilot Medical Declaration. Any limitation arising from the holder's medical status will appear on the medical certificate;
- 3.4. Have knowledge of the Sailplane Regulations specifically, Annex II Sailplane Air Operations and Annex III Sailplane Flight Crew Licensing.

In order to endorse the TMG privileges to a SPL:

- 3.5. Hold a UK issued pilot's licence for aeroplanes with a valid TMG Class Rating endorsed.
- 3.6. Hold a NPPL(A) with valid a SLMG Class Rating.
- 3.7. If the TMG Class Rating is not valid, the applicant can renew the rating by complying with FCL.740(b).
- 3.8. If the SLMG Class Rating is not valid, the applicant can renew the rating by complying with Schedule 8 of the ANO.
- 3.9. Alternatively, the applicant can endorse the TMG privileges on to a SPL by complying with SFCL.150(b).
- 3.10. To include a Night Rating for the holder of a SPL with extended privileges to fly a TMG. The applicant must holder a UK issued pilot's licence for aeroplanes with a Night Rating endorsed.

Conversion report for BGA BI and FI to SPL (BI(S)) and (FI(S)).

4.1 Have qualified for a SPL in accordance with the conversion terms in this report.

Issue of a Basic Instructor (Sailplanes) (BI(S))

- 4.2 For the issue of the BI(S) be at least 16 years of age.
- 4.3 Have at least 50 hours as PIC in Sailplanes.
- 4.4 Hold a BGA Flight Instructor Rating at Basic Level as recorded by the BGA. The privileges granted will be as per SFCL.310 (2).
- 4.5 All BI(S) certificate holders are restricted as per SFCL.355 to conducting flight instruction under the supervision of an unrestricted FI(S) nominated by the ATO, the DTO or the Gliding Club for this purpose.
- 4.6 For the BI(S) qualification where a BGA Basic Instructor Rating is being converted. On conversion, the initial validity shall be determined from the last revalidation by the BGA of the BGA Instructor Certificate being converted.

Issue of a Flight Instructor (Sailplanes) (FI(S))

- 4.7 For the issue of the FI(S) be at least 18 years of age
- 4.8 Have at least 100 hours flight time and 200 launches as PIC in sailplanes.
- 4.9 Hold a BGA Flight Instructor Rating at Assistant or Full level. The privileges granted will be those at SFCL.315.If the holder of a BGA Assistant Flight Instructor Rating has NOT completed the BGA Approved Assistant Instructor Rating Completion Course, the FI(S) will be issued with Restricted Privileges as per SFCL.350.
- 4.10 The privileges of an FI(S) without Restricted Privileges may be extended to conduct flight instruction for the FI(S), per SFCL.315 (a)(7), if the applicant has completed at least 50 hours or 150 launches as a flight instructor with evidence from logbook entries and is confirmed by the BGA as a holder of a BGA Flight Instructor Coach (FIC) endorsement or has complied with the requirements in SFCL.315(a)(7).
- 4.11 The privileges of an FI(S) without Restricted Privileges may be extended to conduct flight instruction for the BI(S), per SFCL.315 (a)(8), if the applicant has completed at least 50 hours or 150 launches as a flight instructor with evidence from logbook entries and is confirmed by the BGA as a holder of a BGA Basic Instructor Coach (BIC) endorsement or has complied with the requirements in SFCL.315(a)(8).
- 4.12 The privileges of the FI(S) may be extended to instruct on TMGs without the limitation to giving instruction in only gliding exercises (i.e. to give the instructing privileges on TMGs

in accordance with SFCL.315(a)(4)(iii)if the applicant holds a valid FI(SLMG) in a valid NPPL(A) with valid medical certificate/pilot medical declaration and valid SLMG rating or a valid FI(A) with TMG instructing privileges or CRI(A) with TMG instructing privileges.

- 4.13 The privileges of the FI(S) with or without Restricted Privileges may be extended to instructor for the Aerobatic Rating if the applicant holds a BGA Aerobatic Instructor Endorsement
- 4.14 For the FI(S) qualification where a BGA Assistant or Full Rating is being converted. On conversion, the initial validity shall be determined from the last revalidation by the BGA of the BGA Instructor Certificate being converted or if also qualifying for the extension of the FI(S) to TMGs, from the last revalidation of the FI(SLMG) by the BGA (last competency flight test), whichever is the later.

Conversion report for the FE(S)

- 5.1 Have qualified for a SPL and an FI(S) in accordance with the conversion terms in this Appendix 6. To become an FE(S) in accordance with SFCL.415 (bb), have in addition qualified to give instruction for the BI(S). To become an FE(S) in accordance with SFCL.415 (c), have in addition qualified to give instruction for the FI(S).
- 5.2 Hold a valid BGA FE and/or FIE authorisation as required for the Part-SFCL examiner certificate sought.
- 5.3 Complete a UK CAA Part-SFCL Examiner Standardisation Course if not already done so.
- 5.4 The privileges of the Part-SFCL examiner certificate shall reflect the BGA examining privileges held.
- 5.5 In the case of the FE(S):

(a) The privileges at SFCL.415 (a) will be granted on initial conversion.

(b) The privileges at SFCL.415 (b) will be granted if the applicant has 300 hours of flight time on sailplanes including 50 hours of flight instruction in TMGs.

(bb) The privileges at SFCL.415 (bb) will be granted where the FI(S) has privileges in SFCL.315(a)(7) or (8).(c) The privileges at SFCL.415 (c) will be granted if the applicant has

(1) completed at least 500 hours of flight time as pilot on sailplanes including

(i) sailplanes excluding TMGs at least 10 hours or 30 launches instructing applicants for a BI(S) or FI(S) in sailplanes excluding TMGs.

(ii) TMGs, at least 10 hours or 30 take-offs and landings instructing the applicant for an FI(S) certificate in TMGs.

5.6 On conversion, the initial validity shall be determined from either:

(a) the most recent revalidation of the BGA examiner authorisation being converted; or

(b) if also qualifying for the extension of the FE(S) to TMGs, on the basis of holding a UK SLMG examiner authorisation, the validity shall be determined from the last revalidation of the FE(SLMG) authorisation (last competency flight test), whichever is the later.

Credit Report for previous training

Training commenced prior to the application of the regulation shall be credited for the purposes of issuing SFCL licences on the basis of satisfactorily completing and documenting the equivalent part of the BGA pilot training course as certified by the CFI/Head of Training. The following table describes the detail of the BGA pilot training course parts and the credit for SFCL training.

Where the complete set of BGA flight training exercises in a numbered section (eg 9b) are recorded as being satisfactorily completed, the equivalent SFCL exercise number (e.g. Ex 9b) may be deemed to have been completed.

BGA pilot training course exercise satisfactorily Credit for the purposes of issuing an SFCL licence completed

1, 2	Introduction to the sailplane and first training flight	Ex 1 - Familiarisation with the sailplane
		Ex 2 – Emergency Procedures
3	Pre-Flight Checks	Ex 3 – Preparation for Flight
4	Lookout	Ex 4 – Initial Air Experience
5	Effects of Controls	Ex 5 – Effects of Controls
6	Aileron Drag &	Ex 6 – Coordinated rolling to and from angles of
	Aileron/Rudder Coordination bank	bank
7	Straight glide and scan cycle	Ex 7 – Straight Flying
8	Turning	Ex 8 – Turning
9a	Stall warnings	Ex 9a – Slow Flight
9b	Stall symptoms	Ex 9b – Stalling
	Steep stall	
	Stall speed increases in the turn	
	High speed stall	
	Reduced G	

10	Spin and recovery Spiral dive and recovery Change in effect of rudder at/near the stall Spin off steep or thermal turn	Ex 10 – Recognition and Avoidance of Spins and Spiral Dives
	Spin entry left off right turn	
	Spin off simulated winch launch failure	
	Prolonged spins	
11a	Normal winch launch	Ex 11a – Winch launch
	Med/low launch failure	
	Awkward height launch failure	
	Low failure <50' glider not in full climb	
	Too fast signal/abandon launch	
	Gradual winch power failure	
11b	Normal tow	Ex 11b – Aerotow launch
	Lateral instability on tow	
	Ground roll	
	Take off and transition to normal flight	
	Recovery from out of position	
	Launch failures	
	Aerotow signals	
11c	Hold a valid SLMG or TMG rating	Ex 11c – Self-launch
11d	As per winch launching BUT using car launching	Ex 11d – Car launch
11e	Solo bungee experience	Ex 11e – Bungee launch
3GA comple	pilot training course exercise satisfactorily eted	Credit for the purposes of issuing an SFCL licence
12	Normal circuit	Ex 12 – Circuit, Approach and Landing
	Zig zag circuit	
	Circuit modified because too high	
	Circuit modified due to lack of height involving changed landing area/changed direction	
	Flying without altimeter	
	Circuit, approach and landing in strong winds	
	Crosswind circuit, approach and landing	

	Airbrake/elevator co-ordination	
	Approach control	
	Landing	
13	Solo	Ex 13 – First Solo
14	Steeper turns	Ex 14 – Advanced Turning
15a	Thermal soaring (and joining another glider)	Ex 15a - Thermalling
15b	Hill soaring	Ex 15b – Ridge Flying
15c	Wave soaring	Ex 15c – Wave Flying
16	Field landings including Cross-Country Endorsement assessment	Ex16 – Out-landings
17a	Navigation theory	Ex17a – Flight Planning
17b/c	Navigation practical inc Cross-Country Endorsement assessment	Ex17b – In-flight Navigation Ex17c – Cross-country Techniques