







#### Report Notes

- 1. Welcome to the CAA's *Aviation Trends* report. Every quarter we update key metrics which summarise "commercial" aviation activity at the United Kingdom's airports. Please note that the figures may be subject to minor changes in future due to on-going adjustment, revision and updates historic reports will not be reissued.
- 2. The data in this report is compiled by the CAA with the co-operation of UK airport and airline operators. Their assistance is gratefully acknowledged. More detailed data and information regarding the source(s) are available on the CAA's website: https://www.caa.co.uk/data-and-analysis/uk-aviation-market/
- 3. Since the information contained in this report has been acquired from multiple sources, it is not possible for the CAA to check and verify whether it is accurate and correct nor do we undertake to do so. Consequently the CAA cannot accept any liability caused by any person's reliance on it.
- 4. For the purposes of this report the Channel Islands Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney and the Isle of Man are considered domestic aviation and their data is included, despite not formally being part of the United Kingdom.

#### 5. Terminal Passengers

- a. Terminal passenger are travellers who board or disembark a commercial flight at a UK reporting airport. Note: domestic passengers are effectively counted twice (on boarding at one UK airport and disembarking at another) and therefore the figures displayed will not reflect the number of "onboard" passengers in the UK aviation market.
- b. Load Factor is calculated by dividing the number of passengers on a flight by the total number of seats expressed as a percentage i.e. reflecting the seat occupancy on flights.

#### 6. Air Transport Movements (ATMs)

- c. Similar to Terminal Passengers (above), an ATM between two UK airports i.e. a domestic flight will be counted twice, once on departure and on arrival at the destination airport.
- d. Data excludes Air Taxi flights: this is charter air transport movements performed by aircraft with a Maximum Take Off Weight (MTOW) of below 15 tonnes.
- 7. Cargo Tonnage data represents freight and mail which is transported into and out of the UK on air freighters and in the belly hold of passenger aircraft. Any cargo transiting the UK is not included in the figures.

#### 8. Punctuality

- e. The CAA collects punctuality information from 25 UK airports these are typically the largest airports in terms of movements/passengers. For the full list please visit the link below
- f. In the punctuality data, 'delay' is recorded as the difference between an aircraft's scheduled arrival or departure time and the actual time it reaches or departs the aircraft delay' was measured as the difference between the scheduled time and a calculated time that the aircraft reached/departed the gate by taking the time the aircraft arrived at the runway and a fixed taxi time to/from the gate (see the link below for more information).
- g. In 2018 the CAA began formally collecting flight cancellation information from airport suppliers. Before this data was supplied to the CAA on a voluntary basis. For more information on what formally constitutes a cancellation in the CAA data, please visit the link below.
- h. A flight is deemed to be "on-time" if it arrives or departs from the airport gate within 15 minutes of its scheduled time. The figures displayed in this report are an aggregation of UK arrival and departure punctuality.
- i. Since the CAA only collects information from UK airports, this report contains no information about overseas punctuality. This is pertinent particularly for flights departing the UK where time may be gained (or lost) en-route and therefore the total delay experienced by passengers may vary to that published.
- j. Average delay minutes are calculated from the total minutes of delay recorded by all flights (with early flights counted as zero minutes delay) divided by the total number of flights operated.
- k. More details regarding CAA punctuality statistics can be found here: https://www.caa.co.uk/data-and-analysis/uk-aviation-market/flight-punctuality/uk-flight-punctuality-statistics/
- 9. As some of the trends in this report are long term (30+ years), not all airports consistently reported to the CAA over this period particularly regarding punctuality dataset. Therefore these figures should be used as a guide of national performance and not necessarily the precise results.

## Key Performance Indicators - Q2 2025 (vs 2024)

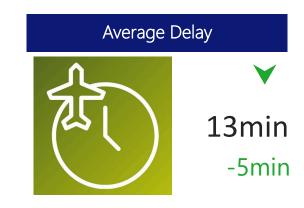












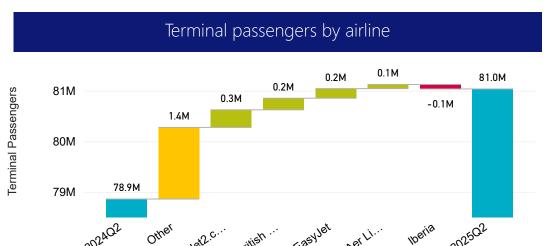
The figures on the left show the number of passengers, air transport movements (ATMs) and cargo volumes for the quarter. The load factor (the percentage of seats occupied on flights) and punctuality metrics are also displayed.

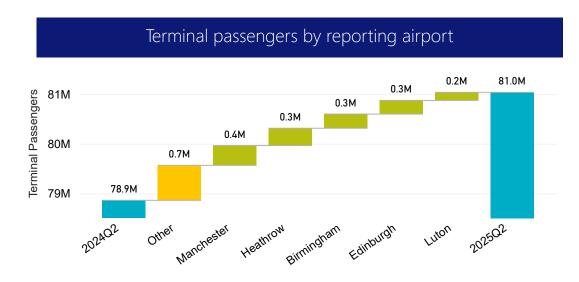
The text in green or red show growth rates relative to the same period last year.

\* A flight is considered "on time" if it arrives or departs the gate within 15 minutes of the scheduled time.

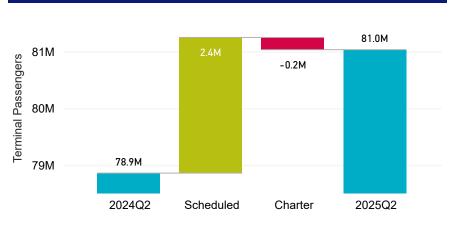
### Terminal passengers Q2 2025

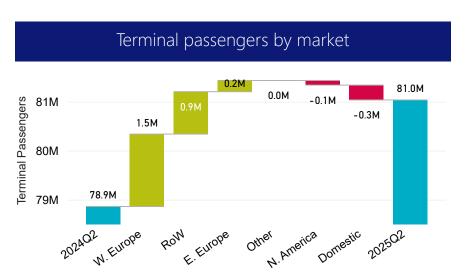
Year-on-year comparison











The number of terminal passengers in Q2 was 81.0M up from 78.9M in the same period last year.

The charts on this page show the distribution of passenger growth across UK airports, airlines, operation type and market. The top 5 contributors are displayed for airports and airlines with the remainder grouped as "Other".

### Terminal passengers

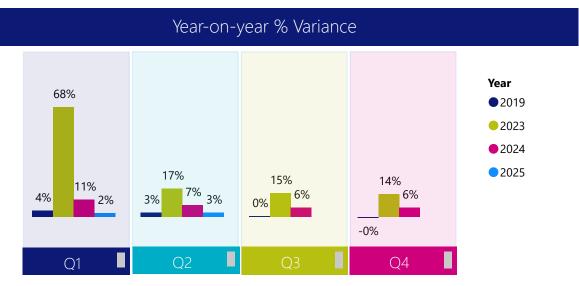
5 Year Trend







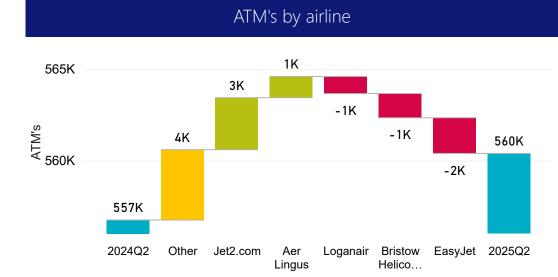


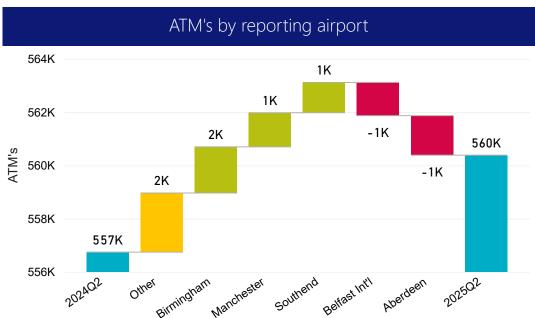


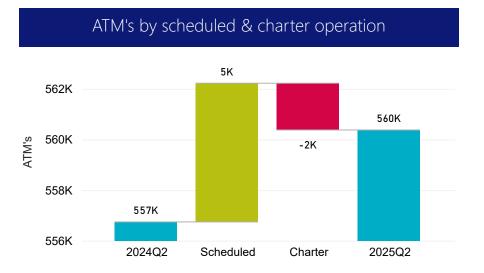
### Air Transport Movements (ATM's) - Q2 2025

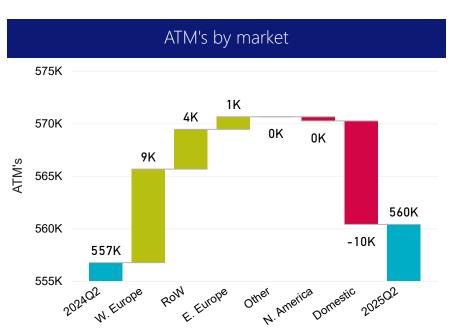
UK Civil Aviation Authority

Year-on-year comparison









The number of ATMs in Q2 was 560K up from 557K in the same period last year.

The charts on this page show how ATM growth is distributed across UK airports, airlines, operation type and market. The top 5 contributors are displayed for airports and airlines with the remainder grouped as "Other".

### Air Transport Movements (ATM's)

UK Civil Aviation Authority

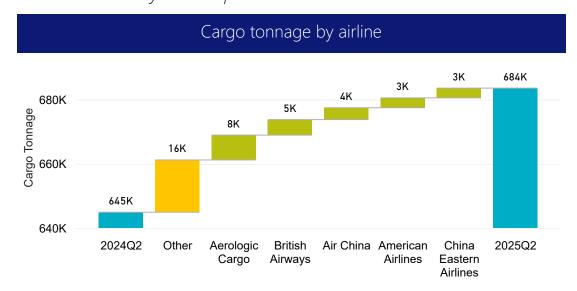
5 Year Trend

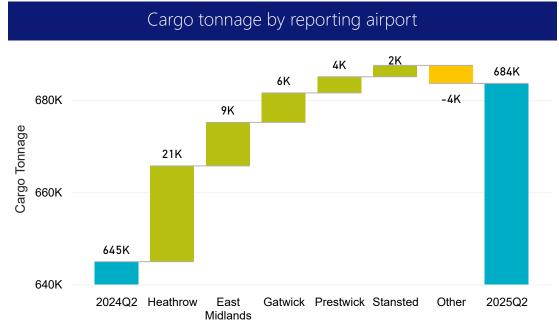


## Cargo Tonnage - Q2 2025

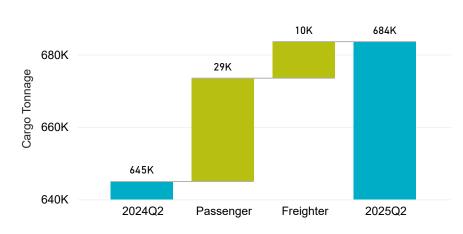
Year-on-year comparison

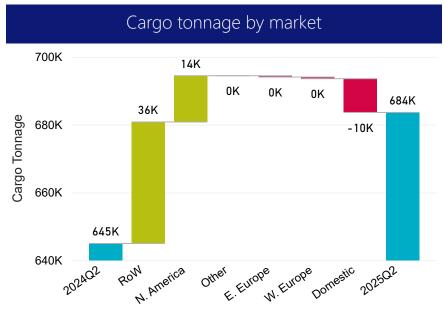












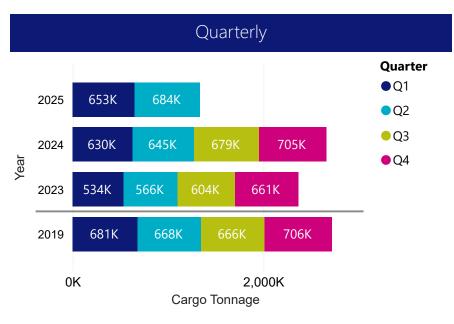
Cargo Tonnage in Q2 was 684K up from 645K in the same period last year.

The charts on this page show how cargo tonnage growth is distributed across UK airports, airlines, operation type and market. The top 5 contributors are displayed for airports and airlines with the remainder grouped as "Other".

### Cargo Tonnage

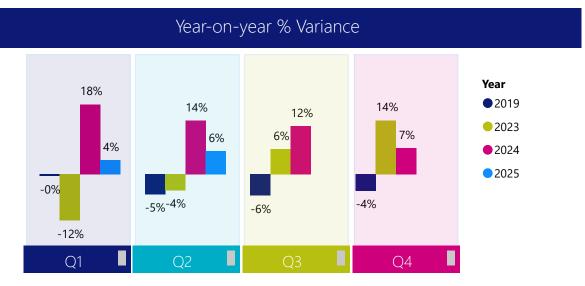
5 Year Trend











## Punctuality Trends - Q2 2025

vs Last Year & 2019



### Quarterly Results

Quarterly % On-Time Flights
75%

Last Year: 67% ▲
2019: 74% ▲

Average Delay per Flight:

13min

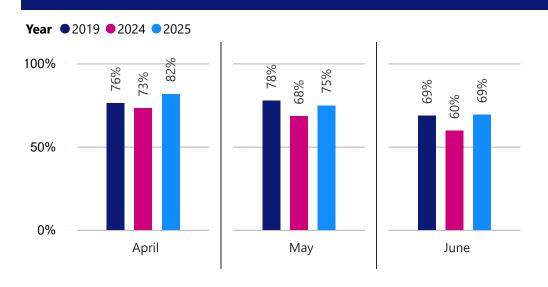
Last Year: 18mins ▼
2019: 15mins ▼

Quarterly % Flights Cancelled

0.70%

Last Year: 1.30% ▼
2019: 0.67% ▲

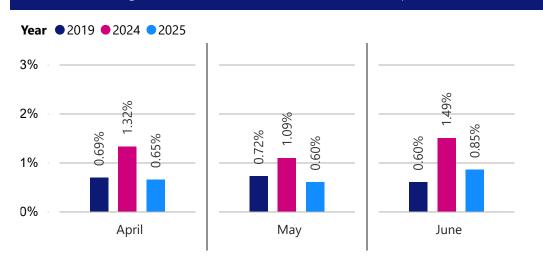
### % On-Time Flights (within 15mins of schedule)



### Average Delay per Flight (mins)



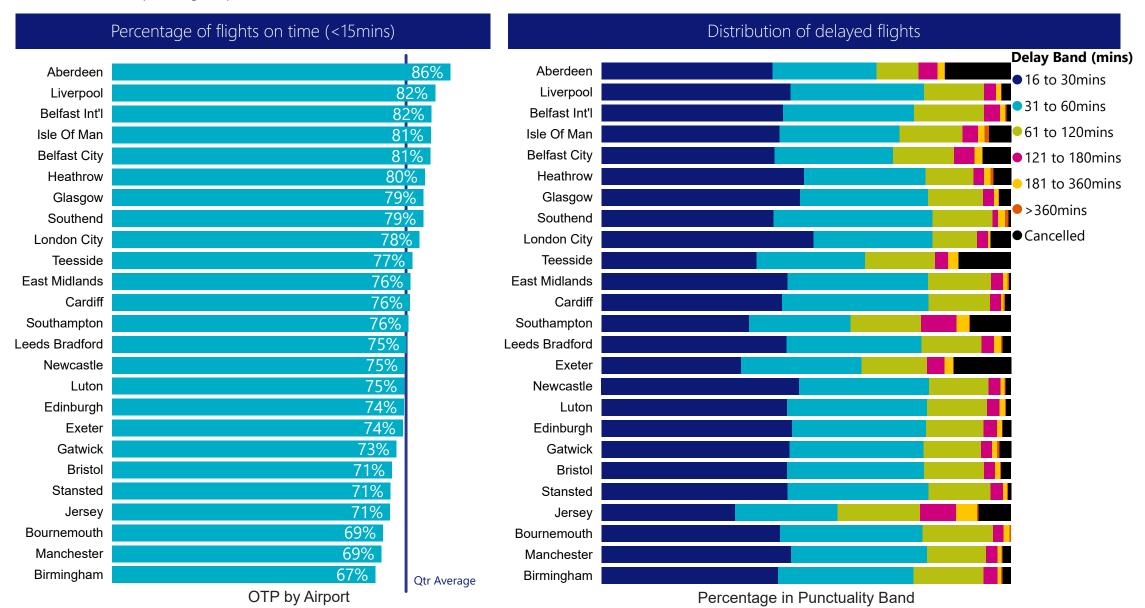
### % Flights Cancelled (inside 24hr before departure)



## Flight Punctuality - Q2 2025 (UK Arrivals & Departures)



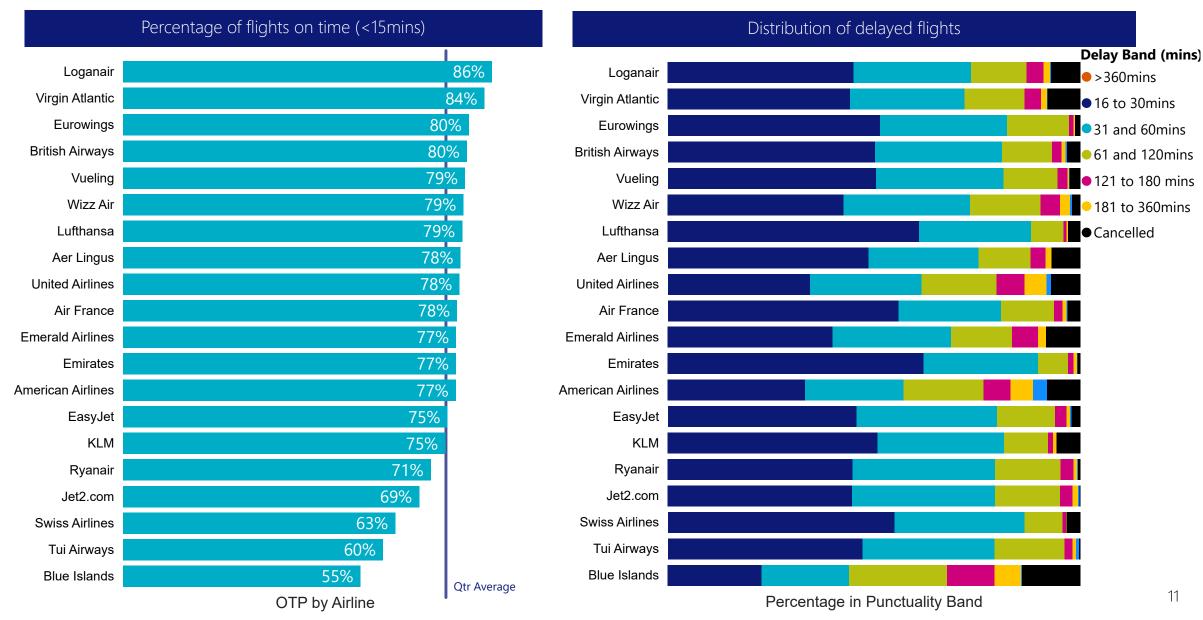
CAA (UK) reporting airports



### Flight Punctuality - Q2 2025 (UK Arrivals & Departures)



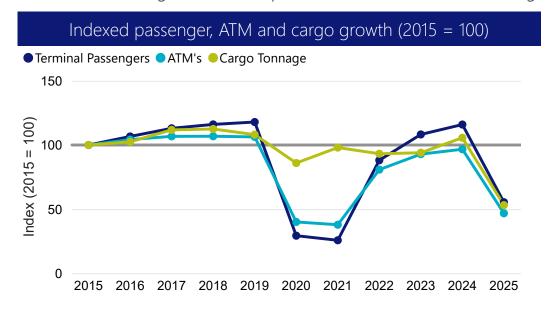
*Top 20 largest airlines by ATM's* 

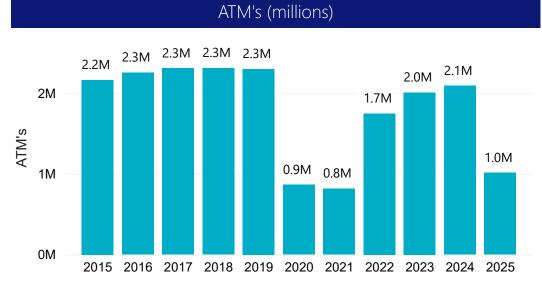


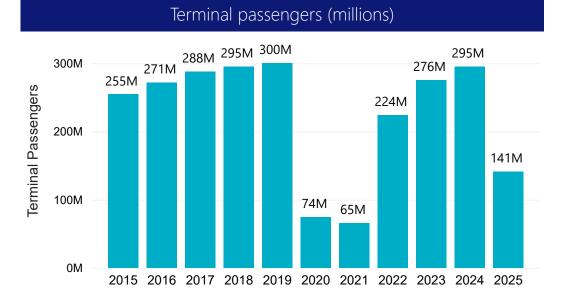
### 10 year trends

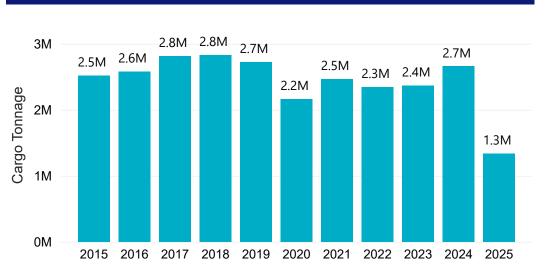


Terminal Passengers, Air Transport Movements (ATM) and Cargo Tonnage (NB: 2025 values are year-to-date and will update throughout the year)







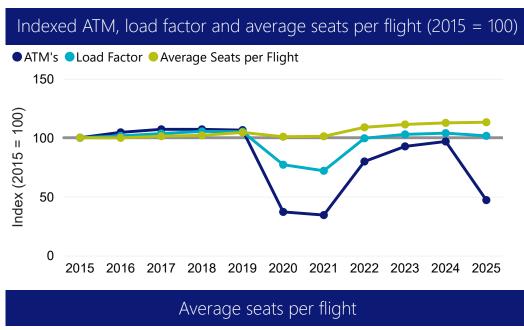


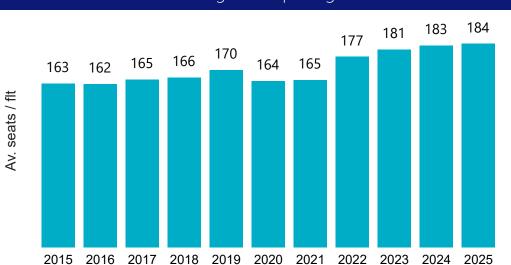
Cargo tonnage (millions)

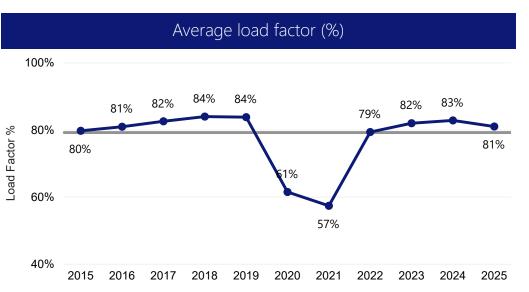
### 10 Year trends



Load Factor & Average Seats per Flight (NB: 2025 values are year-to-date and will update throughout the year)





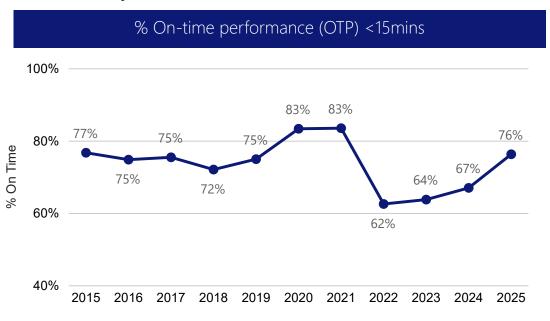


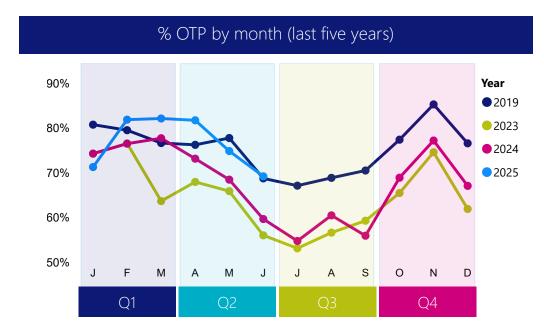
NB: Load Factor (%) represents the proportion of seats on a flight used on a flight i.e. Terminal Passengers / Total Seats.

### 10 Year trends

UK Civil Aviation Authority

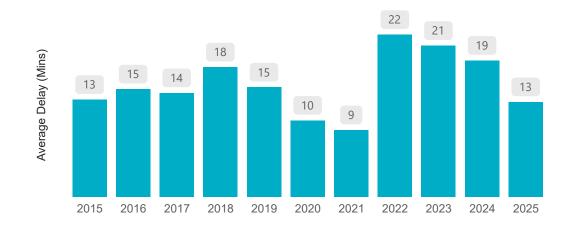
Punctuality (NB: 2025 values are year-to-date and will update throughout the year)

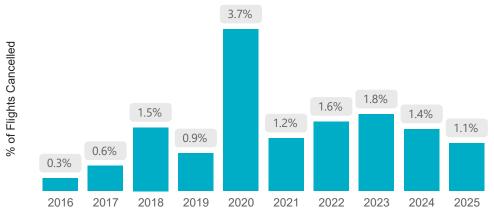




### Average delay minutes per flight

% of flights cancelled (within 24hr before departure)



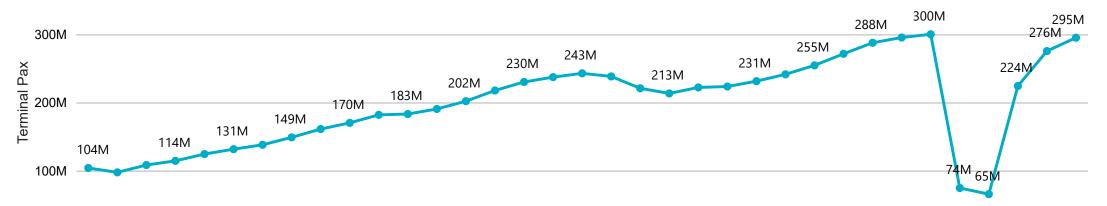


### Trend since 1990 (30+ years)

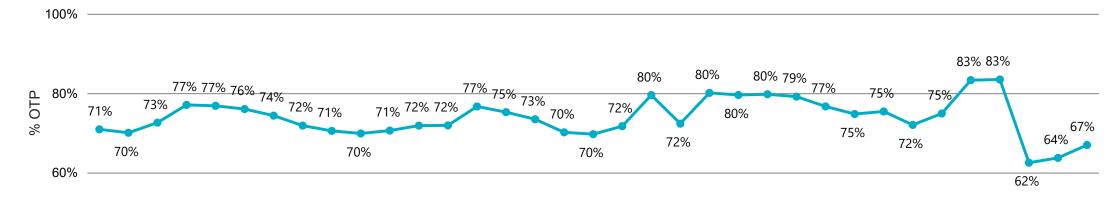


Terminal Passengers and % On-Time Performance

### Annual UK Terminal Passengers (1990 - 2024)





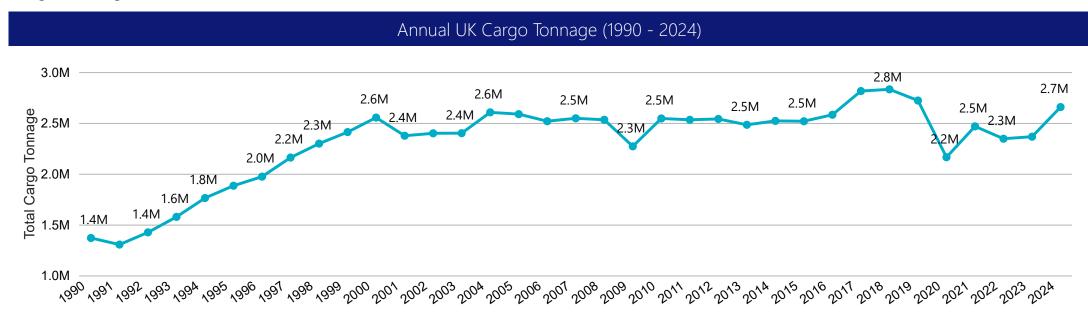


~000~001~000~001~000~001~000~001~000~0

# Trends since 1990 (30+ years)



Cargo Tonnage



# Data Tables (Latest Quarter): Terminal Passengers - Q2 2025



Top 25 UK reporting airports			
Reporting Airport	Term. Passengers	% YoY	
Heathrow	21,661,948	2%	
Gatwick	11,567,197	-0%	
Manchester	8,566,810	5%	
Stansted	7,972,427	-0%	
Luton	4,784,626	4%	
Edinburgh	4,612,546	6% 🛕	
Birmingham	3,715,766	8% 🛕	
Bristol	3,016,720	-0%	
Glasgow	2,273,871	0% 🛆	
Belfast Int'l	1,792,211	-2%	
Liverpool	1,580,140	9% 🛕	
Newcastle	1,532,375	7% 🛕	
Leeds Bradford	1,314,715	8% 🛕	
East Midlands	1,259,288	-1%	
London City	990,642	6% 🛕	
Aberdeen	605,708	0% 🛕	
Belfast City	597,123	-3% ▼	
Bournemouth	423,257	27%	
Jersey	396,087	-2%	
Cardiff	273,609	10%	
Inverness	245,339	4% 🛕	
Southampton	242,670	9% 🛕	
Southend	242,318	199%	
Prestwick	209,445	23%	
Guernsey	187,340	2% 🛕	
Total	80,064,178	3%	

Top 25 Airlines			
Airline (groups)	Term. Passengers	% YoY	
EasyJet	16,130,403	1%	
Ryanair	15,661,393	4%	
British Airways	13,553,793	2% 🛕	
Jet2.com	6,182,083	6%	
Tui Airways	3,441,587	-0%	
Wizz Air	2,961,176	1%	
Virgin Atlantic	1,537,128	4%	
Emirates	1,359,675	4%	
Aer Lingus	1,234,165	7%	
KLM	1,209,591	4%	
American Airlines	1,009,136	-4%	
Vueling	985,002	4%	
Lufthansa	882,108	-8% ▼	
Qatar Airways	814,424	3%	
Loganair	714,816	-0%	
United Airlines	675,208	-6%	
Turkish Airlines	576,397	3%	
Sunexpress	513,982	27%	
Air Canada	479,626	3%	
Delta Airlines	478,274	4% 🛕	
SAS	445,177	-4%	
Swiss Airlines	412,107	6% 🛆	
Air India	394,430	24%	
Eurowings	393,563	-0%	
Air France	369,273	6% 🛕	
Total	72,414,517	3%	

Top 25 international destinations		
OD Airport Name	Term. Passengers ▼	% YoY
Dublin	2,588,810	4% 🛕
Amsterdam	2,174,396	<b>-1%</b> ▼
Palma De Mallorca	2,146,823	6%
Alicante	1,872,526	7%
Malaga	1,843,477	10%
Faro	1,518,327	6%
Dubai	1,475,697	6%
Tenerife (Surreina Sofia)	1,358,633	1%
Barcelona	1,345,682	-1%
Antalya	1,180,848	3%
Paris (Charles De Gaulle)	1,143,820	6%
New York (Jf Kennedy)	1,082,656	-6% ▼
Doha Hamad	867,870	1% 🛆
Dalaman	857,126	-2%
Arrecife	830,306	3% 🛆
Madrid	828,222	-3% ▼
Lisbon	821,057	-4%
Istanbul	746,232	0% 🛆
Copenhagen	720,264	-1% <b>▽</b>
Frankfurt Main	720,037	-4% <b>V</b>
Ibiza	661,114	3%
Geneva	627,567	1% 🛆
Rome (Fiumicino)	627,305	6% 🛆
Berlin Brandenburg	610,503	-2%
Budapest	609,572	5%

# Data Tables (Latest Quarter): ATM's - Q2 2025



Top 25 UK Reporting Airports			
Reporting Airport	▼ ATM's	% YoY	
Heathrow	122,965	1%	
Gatwick	70,631	-1% ▼	
Manchester	51,984	3%	
Stansted	50,202	-0%	
Edinburgh	32,706	2%	
Luton	28,296	2% 🛕	
Birmingham	25,359	7%	
Bristol	19,784	-1%	
Glasgow	18,535	1%	
Aberdeen	14,512	-9%	
Belfast Int'l	13,037	-9%	
London City	12,481	-1%	
East Midlands	12,110	-4%	
Newcastle	10,667	4%	
Liverpool	10,650	8%	
Leeds Bradford	9,419	7% 🛕	
Belfast City	7,208	-8% ▼	
Guernsey	4,530	-6%	
Jersey	4,409	-10%	
Southampton	4,224	-6%	
Norwich	3,841	12%	
Sumburgh	3,586	4%	
Bournemouth	2,883	35%	
Inverness	2,667	-12%	
Kirkwall	2,658	4%	
Total	539,344	0%	

Top 25 international destinations			
OD Airport Name	▼ ATM's	% YoY	
Dublin	21,546	4%	
Amsterdam	19,329	-3% ▼	
Palma De Mallorca	13,286	8%	
Malaga	11,064	12%	
Alicante	11,010	9%	
Paris (Charles De Gaulle)	9,550	-1% ▼	
Faro	9,395	7%	
Barcelona	8,606	-0%	
Tenerife (Surreina Sofia)	7,817	5%	
Antalya	6,863	5%	
Frankfurt Main	6,287	-6%	
Dalaman	5,267	2%	
New York (Jf Kennedy)	5,110	-9%	
Arrecife	5,067	9% 🛕	
Lisbon	5,033	-5%	
Madrid	5,030	2% 🛕	
Copenhagen	5,010	-6%	
Geneva	4,614	-2%	
Istanbul	4,339	1%	
Ibiza	4,329	3%	
Berlin Brandenburg	4,154	-4%	
Rome (Fiumicino)	4,089	3% 🛕	
Dubai	4,055	3%	
Budapest	3,584	8% 🛆	
Doha Hamad	3,417	6%	

ATM's by operation type			
Ор. Туре	ATM's	▼ % YoY	
Scheduled	528,962	1%	
Charter	31,413	-6%	$\overline{}$

ATM's by market			
Market	▼ ATM's	% YoY	
W. Europe	333,387	3%	
Domestic	111,106	-8%	$\overline{}$
RoW	43,430	10%	
E. Europe	38,717	3%	
N. America	33,741	-1%	$\nabla$

# Data Tables (Latest Quarter): Cargo Tonnage - Q2 2025



Cargo Tonnage by UK reporting airport			
Reporting Airport	<b>C</b> argo Tonnage	% YoY	
Heathrow	391,542	6%	
East Midlands	95,603	11%	
Stansted	80,574	3%	
Gatwick	33,494	24%	
Manchester	22,669	3%	
Birmingham	16,951	0%	
Belfast Int'l	7,595	-23%	$\nabla$
Luton	7,505	-6%	$\nabla$
Bournemouth	7,246	39%	
Edinburgh	6,714	-24%	$\nabla$
Prestwick	6,101	135%	
Glasgow	2,666	44%	
Aberdeen	1,457	-33%	$\nabla$
Newcastle	1,020	-36%	$\nabla$
Teesside	442	582%	
Guernsey	335	-47%	$\nabla$
Cardiff	315	15752600%	
Kirkwall	310	28%	
Sumburgh	283	-2%	$\nabla$
Stornoway	231	-8%	
Benbecula	170	21%	
Jersey	121	-10%	
Islay	108	14%	
Humberside	32	143%	
Inverness	23	-98%	$\overline{}$
Total	683,510	6%	

Top 25 international destinations			
OD Airport Name	<b>▼</b> Cargo Tonnage	% YoY	
Dubai	37,391	14%	
New York (Jf Kennedy)	33,206	-4%	
Doha Hamad	32,680	13%	
Leipzig	29,698	-4%	
Los Angeles International	21,982	1% 🛕	
Shanghai (Pu Dong)	16,676	10% <b>△</b> 4% <b>△</b>	
Chicago (O'Hare)	15,649	4%	
Mumbai	14,713	41%	
Delhi	14,635	61% <b>△</b> 4% <b>△</b>	
Cologne Bonn	14,145	4%	
Hong Kong (Chek Lap Kok)	14,118	12%	
Guangzhou Baiyun International	13,928	21% 🛕	
Istanbul	13,899	-3%	
Beijing	13,012	43%	
Singapore	12,801	16%	
Miami International	11,237	12% <b>△</b> 6% <b>△</b>	
Toronto	10,656	6%	
Abu Dhabi International	10,543	-1% ▼ 14% ▲ -5% ▼ -7% ▼	
Brussels	10,164	14%	
Cincinnati	9,882	-5%	
Paris (Charles De Gaulle)	9,492	-7%	
Memphis	9,212	10%	
Tokyo (Haneda)	8,603	6% 🔺	
Philadelphia International	8,511	15% 🛆	
Dallas/Fort Worth	8,372	10%	

Cargo Tonnage by operation type			
Ор. Туре	Cargo Tonnage	% YoY	
Scheduled	646,010	5%	
Charter	37,579	19%	

Cargo Tonnage by market			
Market	▼ Cargo Tonnage	% YoY	
RoW	331,828	12%	
N. America	210,694	7%	
W. Europe	116,601	-0%	$\overline{}$
Domestic	23,552	-30%	$\overline{}$
E. Europe	914	-30%	$\nabla$